EDUCATION A DIVISION OF TEACHER CREATED RESOURCES

Sample Pages

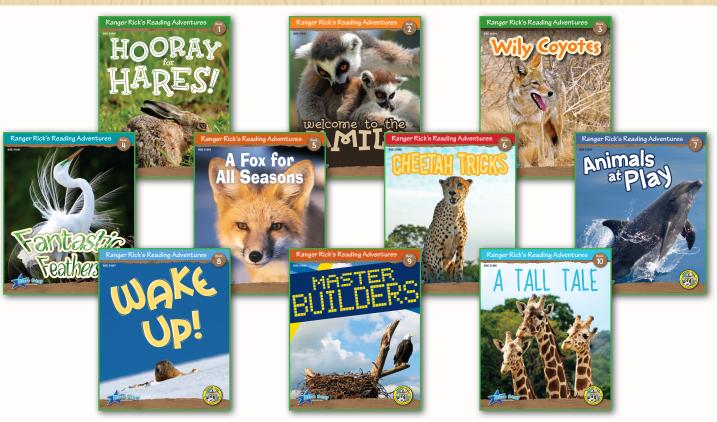


Reading Adventures

A Wild Reading, Writing, and Science Journey with

Ranger Rick and Friends!

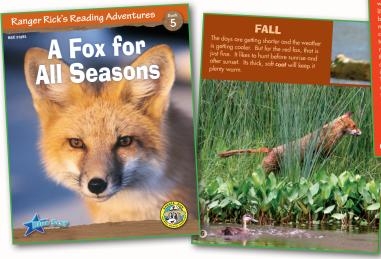






Nonfiction Readers

Take a look inside the readers!



- Amazing, real-life photography to engage readers
- Exciting, relevant content written at appropriate grade levels
- Special text features that support and enrich content
- Vocabulary practice to strengthen reading comprehension
- Discussion questions to summarize the reading content
- Fun activities to extend students' reading experience

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Glossary









I MAKE APPEARANCES THROUGHOUT THE SERIES WITH FUN FACTS AND COMMENTS!





The lessons and activities in the 10-unit Teacher Resource are designed to inspire curiosity of the natural world. Each unit features step-by-step reading, writing, and science lessons as well as engaging student activities that will foster their understanding of Earth's diverse wildlife while encouraging them to unplug from screens and venture outdoors. This program will motivate students to embrace the wonders of nature and gain a lifelong appreciation for the environment.

Content goals

inform teachers about the subject _ matter and the learning objectives covered in the unit.

Summaries show and explain the various activities included in each of the three sections (reading, writing, and science) of the unit.

The materials list informs teachers of the student pages needed to complete the unit.

Reminders from Reggie Otter help teachers get the most out of every lesson.

Unit 5: A Fox for All Seasons

Unit Overview



Content Goals

In this unit, students will be studying the "anytime, anywhere" red fox. These foxes are found in many parts of the world and can survive in all types of weather. Through various activities and assessments, students will gain an in-depth understanding and appreciation of how these foxes live during each season of the year.

Reading Summary

Students will participate in vocabulary and pre-reading activities. Students will perform a close reading of the text, answer comprehension questions, and describe the overall chronological structure of the text using the graphic organizer pictured on the right.



Students will learn about the difference between the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases. Students will write diary entries from the perspective of a red fox experiencing each of the four seasons. The graphic organizer used for this lesson is pictured on the right.

Science Summary

Students will participate in a science experiment in which they will submerge their hand in ice water while wearing different layers of insulation. This will help them understand why red foxes grow longer, thicker coats during the winter months. They will answer questions about the experiment and discuss their observations and findings as a class.

Materials

- copies of A Fox for All Seasons reader
- copies of Boomer Badger's Word App (page 229)
- * copies of *Background Information* [optional] (page 83)
- copies of Ranger Field Notes (page 86)
- copies of reading activity sheets (pages 87–88)
- copies of writing activity sheets (pages 90–92)
- copies of science activity sheet (page 94)
- copies of assessments (pages 95–97)

You "Otter" Remember ...

- For additional adventures, check out Ranger Rick's Adventure Cards and associated activities (see page 183).
- # Have students be super adventurous and creative by writing their own adventures with My Ranger Rick Adventures (see page 208).
- And don't forget, there is more fun to be had in the Extension Activities section on page 227.



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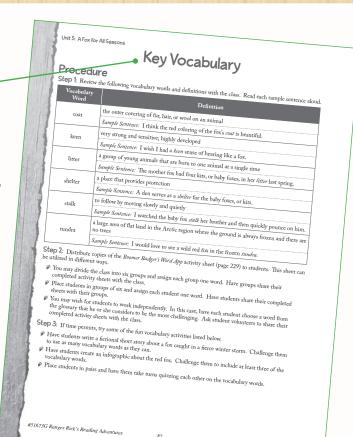


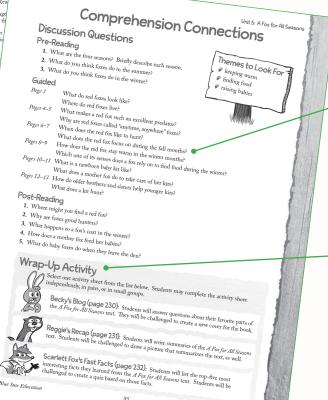
Vocabulary words and various vocabulary activities increase depth and understanding of the content vocabulary for each unit.

Each **reading lesson** includes clear and concise steps to guide the teacher seamlessly through the pre-reading, during-reading, and post-reading activities.



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The before, during, and after reading discussion questions scaffold students' learning and help them activate prior knowledge, engage with the text, and think critically about the text.

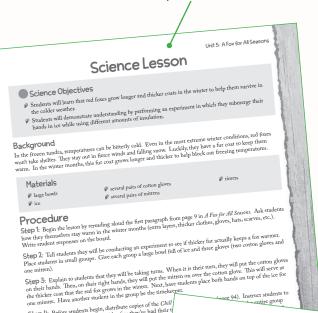
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Wrap-Up activities include engaging and fun sheets students can complete independently, in pairs, or in small groups.



Each writing lesson is designed to improve students' writing skills and knowledge of the English language.

> Each hands-on science lesson highlights and further supplements the science content for the wildlife topic covered in the reader.



Writing Lesson

Unit 5: A Fox for All Seas

Writing Objectives

F Students will learn the difference between the literal and nonliteral meaning of words and phrases. Students will demonstrate understanding by writing diary entries from the perspective of a fox during each season of the year.

Procedure

5 tep 1: Begin the lesson by asking students to think of different ways their lives change during each season. Step 1: Begin the lesson by asking students to think of different ways their lives change during each season. For instance, they go to school in the fall and vacation in the summer. Maybe they get sick more often in the white because the weather is cold. Or, maybe they also longer to get ready in the summer because they need to wear sumblock. Write student responses on the board.

Step 2: Remind students that the lives of foxes also change with each season. Write fall, veintor, spring, and summer on the board. Ask students to give specific examples of what foxes do each season. Write student tesponses on the board.

Step 3: Tell students they will be pretending they are foxes. They will write four diary entries, one for each season, in the first-person point of view. Their diary entries should be descriptive, fin, and creative, and include expectific examples from the text. Distribute a copy for the Dairy graphic organizer (page 91) to students.

Allow students time to complete the graphic organizer.

Step I4: Before students begin writing their rough drafts, conduct a brief grammar lesson on the differences between literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases. Explain to students that these non-literal phrase are also called "idioms." Recreate the following table on the board.

	Literal	- Fin
	dictionary definition of word(s)	Nonliteral
	Example: Don't rock the boar!	means something other than the exact word(s) used to make a comparison
	The bing the boat back and forth!)	Example: Don't rook at
ě	pp 5: When students to	(Do not cause trouble.)

Step 5: When students have a better understanding of the differences between literal and nonliteral words and phrases, place them in pairs. Write the phrase, "You're pulling my leg" on the board. Tell the pairs that you want one student to draw the literal meaning of the phrase and the other to draw the nonliteral meaning of the phrase. Have student volunteers share their drawings with the class.

Step 6: Distribute copies of the Time to Hit the Bookel activity sheet (page 90) to students. Have students work with their partners to complete the activity sheet. Go over the answers as a class.

Step J: Have partners return to their *Dear Diary* graphic organizers and use them to write rough drafts of their diary entries on separate sheets of paper. Tell students that they must include at least one nonliteral word or phrase in one of their diary entries. When they have finished their drafts, have them trade with their partners to proofread.

Ask the partners to sport the nonliteral word or phrase.

Step 8: After corrections have been made to the rough drafts, distribute copies of Red Ford Diary (page 92) to each pair of soudents. Instruct them to write the final drafts of their tales using their best penmanship. Have students obtained their animal tales aloud to the class.

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Step lk: Before students begin, distribute copies of the Cbill record their observations on the table after they be had their used their observations on the table after they be had their user of the completed the experiment, they should work together to

Step 5: When the class has completed the experiment and with the class. Hold a class discussion to reflect and draw or Scarlett's STEM Challenge Challenge students to design hands warm in the frozen to

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Running Record. Unit 5: A Fox for All Seasons Title: A Fox for All Seasons This magnificent red fox looks perfectly at home in a golden fall meadow. But a red fox is also at home in leafy woods, on a frozen tundra—even in a big city in the middle of summer!

Red foxes can usually be identified by their sharp-pointed faces and long, bushy, white-tipped tails. Their fur is most often an orangish-red color, even silver. Whatever their color, red foxes are masters at hiding in their habitat. Their long, thin legs and light body make red foxes excellent predators and help them to escape from potential enemies.

Where might you find a red fox? Describe what a red fox looks like.

Why are red foxes excellent predators? Analysis of Reading Beh

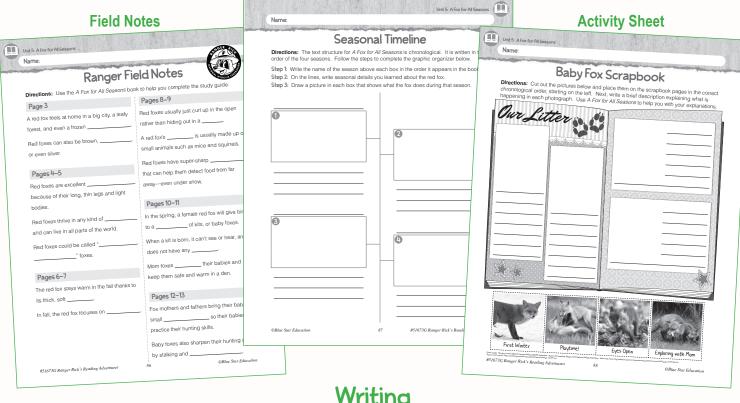
instructional Self-corrects alwavs mostly sometimes Self-corrects using mostly structural visual clues Reads fluently instructional

A running record allows the teacher to note errors and the self-correction process as a student reads the first 100+ words of the text. This sheet assists the teacher with analyzing data, evaluating reading behaviors, and making recommendations.



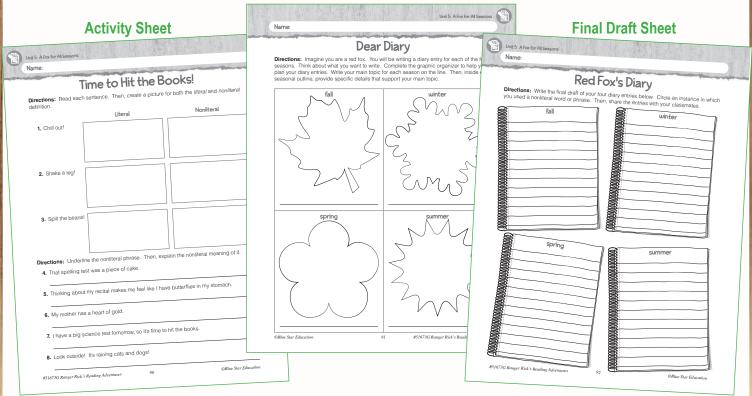
Reading

Graphic Organizer



Writing

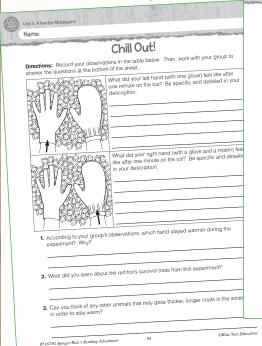
Graphic Organizer





Multiple-Choice Assessment

Science Activity Sheet



Multiple-Choice Quiz

- A. a thick growth of bushes and trees that covers a large area
 B. flat land in the Arctic where the ground is always frozen and there are no trees
- C. a tropical woodland with a high annual rainfall
 D. a large area of dry land with little rainfall
- 2. What helps make the red fox an excellent predator?
- A. long, thin legs and a light body
 B. a white-tipped tail
 C. a sharp-pointed face
 D. a thick, soft coat

- 3. In what season are baby foxes born?
- A. spring
 B. summer

Name

- C. winter D. fall

- A. smell
- B. eyesight C. taste D. hearing
- 5. In which season does a fox's coat get longer and thicker?
- A. spring
 B. summer
 C. winter
- D. fall

Name:

- 6. Why do baby foxes stalk and wrestle each other?
- A. because they are practicing their hunting skills
 B. because they don't like each other
- C. because they like getting in trouble

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Short-Answer Test

Name:	Unit 5: A Fox for All Sea
Directions: Use evid 1. What does a rec	Short-Answer Test ence from the A Fox for All Seasons book to help you answer the question of fox look like?
2. What does a red	fox do if the weather is really cold?
3. Compare and cont	rast what the red fox does in the fall and what it does in the spring.
How do kits learn to	hunt?
Star Education	97 #51673G Ranger Rick's Reading & Journal

Adventure Cards Quiz

Adventure Cards Activity Sheet

	Ranger Rick's Adventure cards				
	Name:				
-	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Pondering the Pictures			
	picture an	s: Look closely at each picture below. Next, think about the details you see in each d how the picture makes you feel. Then, complete the sentences and answer the			
	question.	AUTTE WHILE LATER The place in amoning The samples one of the files, and learning a sone on the files, and learning the samples one one of the files, and learning the samples of the beat of all the beat learning the samples of			



This picture makes me feel



This picture shows. This picture makes me feel _

3. How did these pictures help you to better understand the story?

River of Grass Quiz

A. a bird

B. an alligator C. an osprev

D. a tall plant 4. Why are there so many cattails in Everglades?

Directions: Use the River of Grass adventure card to help you answer each question

- How do you know that Boomer is eating candy at the beginning of the story? A. The pictures show him eating
 - B. The text says, "Boomer is eating
- 2. What do Ranger Rick and his friends get lost in?
 - A. a pine forest B. a maze of cattails
 - C. a swamp full of alligators
 - D. a lake full of birds
- because birds spread the cat seeds around B. because Boomer is eating co
 - D. because alligators ate all th
- 5. Why does Ranger Rick think it's a bad idea for Boomer to celebrate by

My Ranger Rick Adventures

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